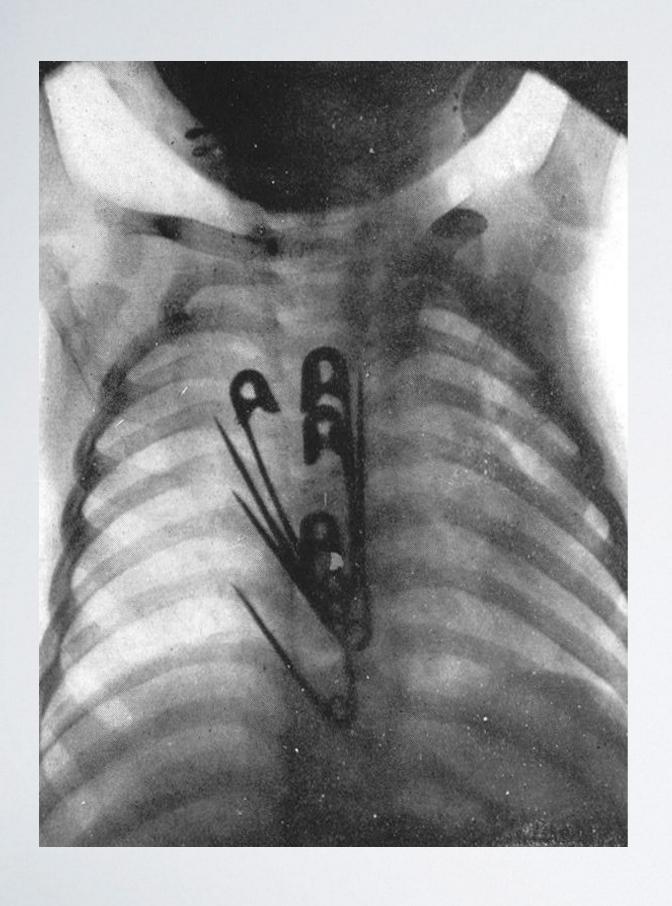
"Pediatric Aero-Digestive Disorders in the New Century"

A Valley-Mount Sinai Kravis Children's Hospital educational symposium.







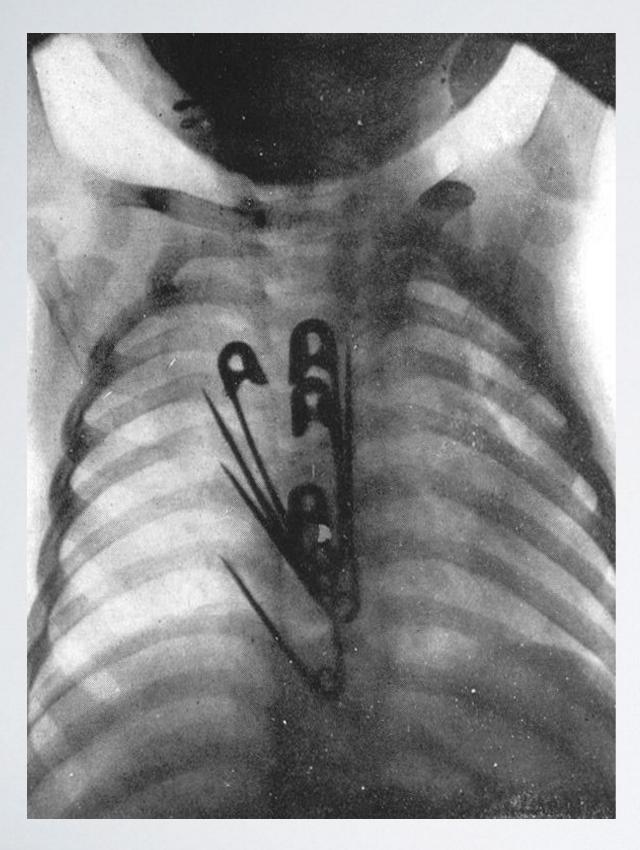
DYSPHAGIA IN CHILDREN

APRIL 27, 2024

Michael Rothschild, MD

Clinical Professor of
Otolaryngology & Pediatrics
Icahn School of Medicine at Mt. Sinai

Past President, NY Pediatric Society Past President, American Broncho-Esophagological Association



DISCLOSURE

NO FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS OR OTHER CONFLICTS OF INTEREST WITH ANY ENTITIES MENTIONED IN THIS PRESENTATION

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Faculty Disclosure

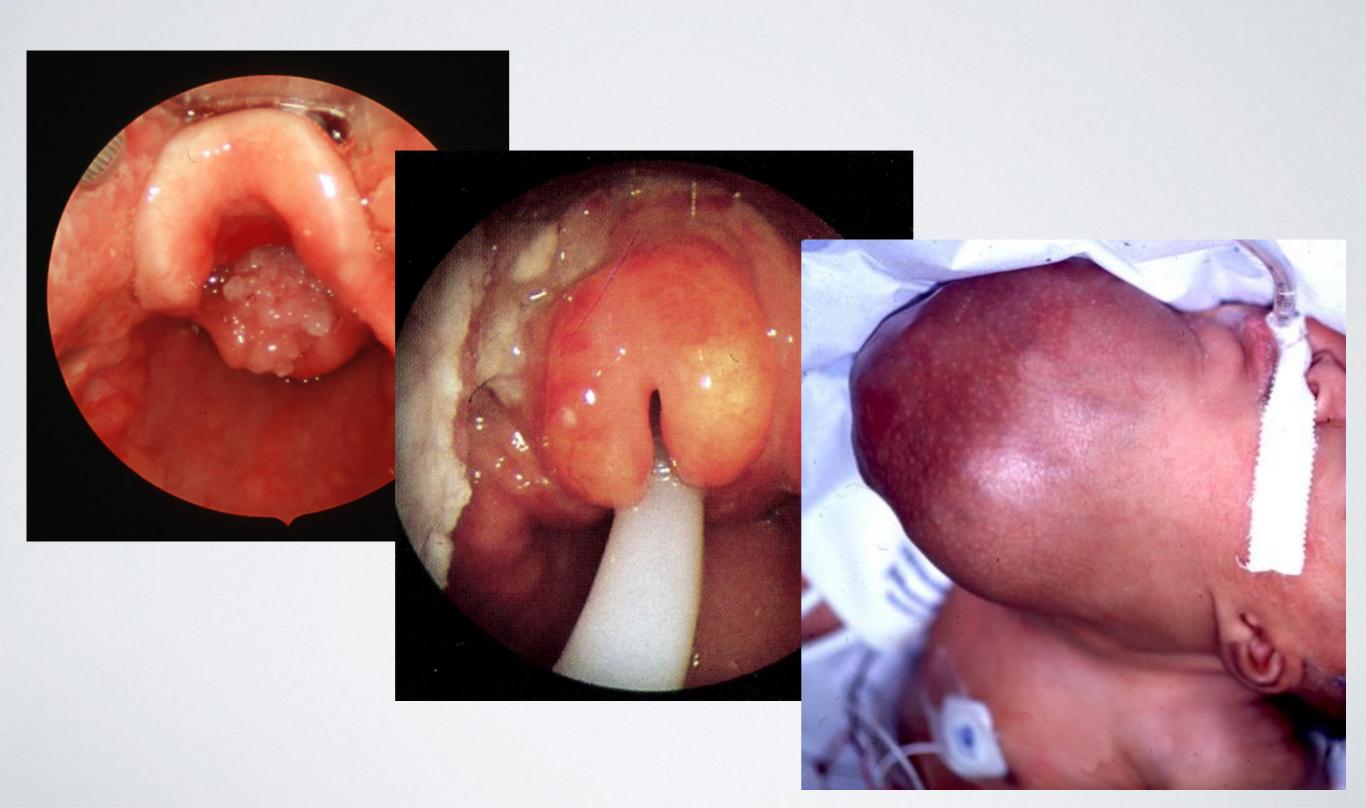
- There are no commercial products or services being discussed
- No financial disclosures
- No unlabeled use of a product is being discussed



EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

- 1) TO DESCRIBE THE ANATOMICAL BASIS FOR DYSPHAGIA IN CHILDREN
- 2) TO OUTLINE THE STANDARD METHODS FOR EVALUATION AND WORKUP OF PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA
- 3) TO REVIEW MANAGEMENT OF THE COMMON CAUSES OF DYSPHAGIA IN THE PEDIATRIC POPULATION

eople think pediatric ENT docs do m



pediatric ENT docs actually do mos



Michael Rothschild, MD



KidsENT.com





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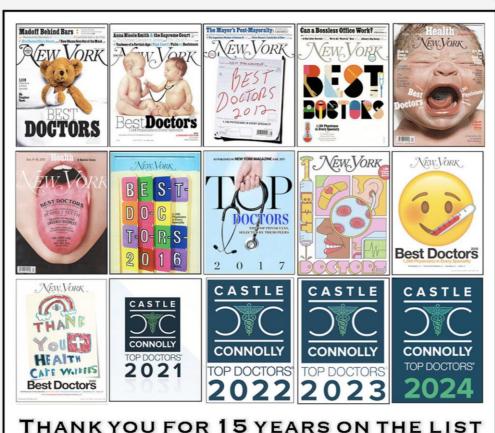
Pediatric Ear, Nose & Throat

New York City Northern New Jersey

Hello, and thanks for visiting my website!

I am a pediatric ear, nose and throat (ENT) specialist in New York City, with office hours in northern New Jersey and Brooklyn as well. This site provides information about my practice, as well as educational material about common childhood ENT conditions.

You can book appointments online for the New York or New Jersey office, or for telemedicine visits. If you are new to my practice, you can also fill our all of the registration form online when scheduling your visit. If you prefer, you can still call (212) 996–2995 for an appointment and download the registration forms as a fillable PDF format from this site.

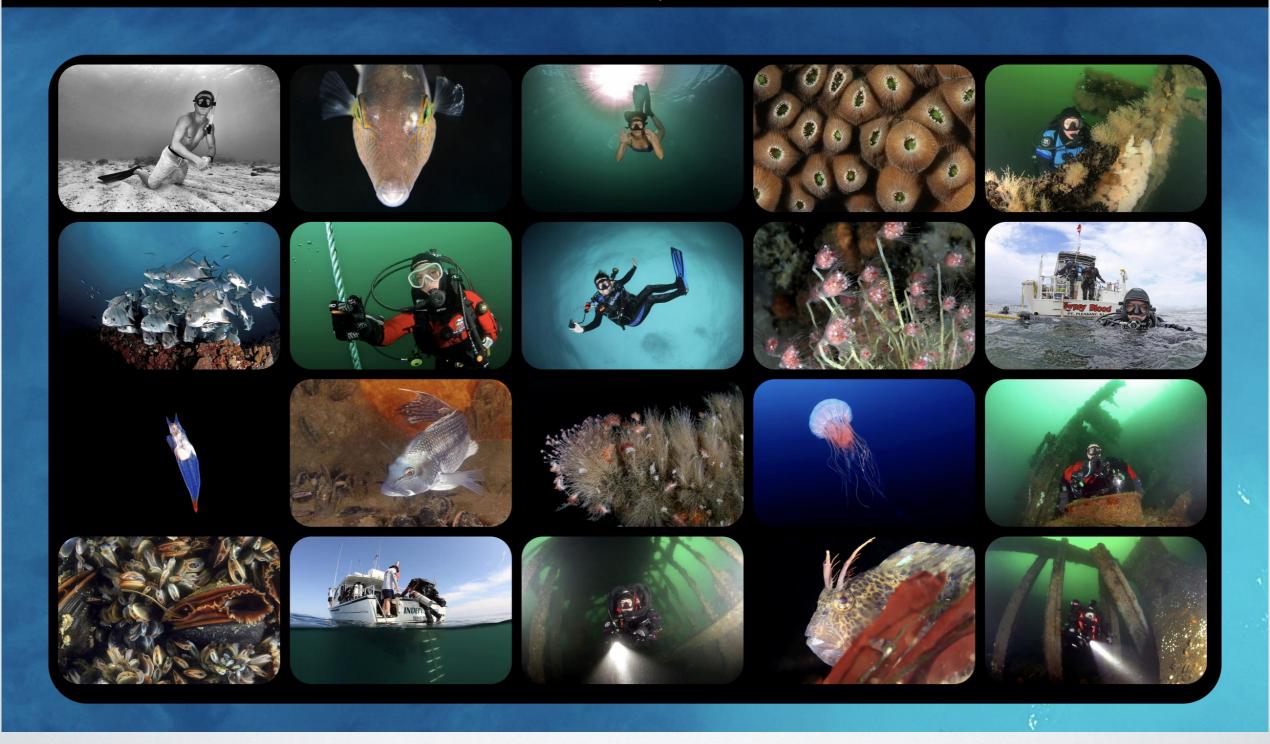


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MICHAEL ROTHSCHILD

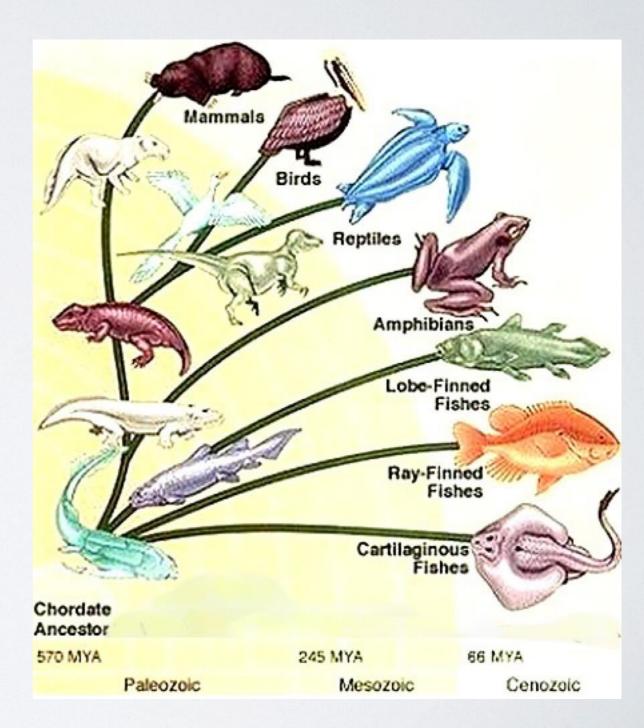
SCUBA DIVING, UNDERWATER PHOTOGRAPHY & VIDEOGRAPHY



ANATOMY OF AIR-BREATHING ANIMALS

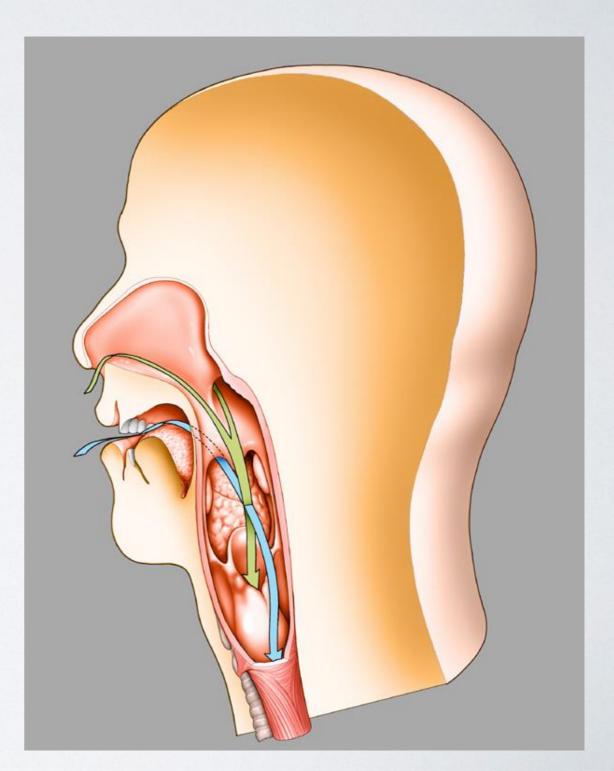
- 7 classes of vertebrates,
 - 4 of which breath air:

 - Birds
 - Reptiles
 - Amphibians
- All have an upper aerodigestive tract

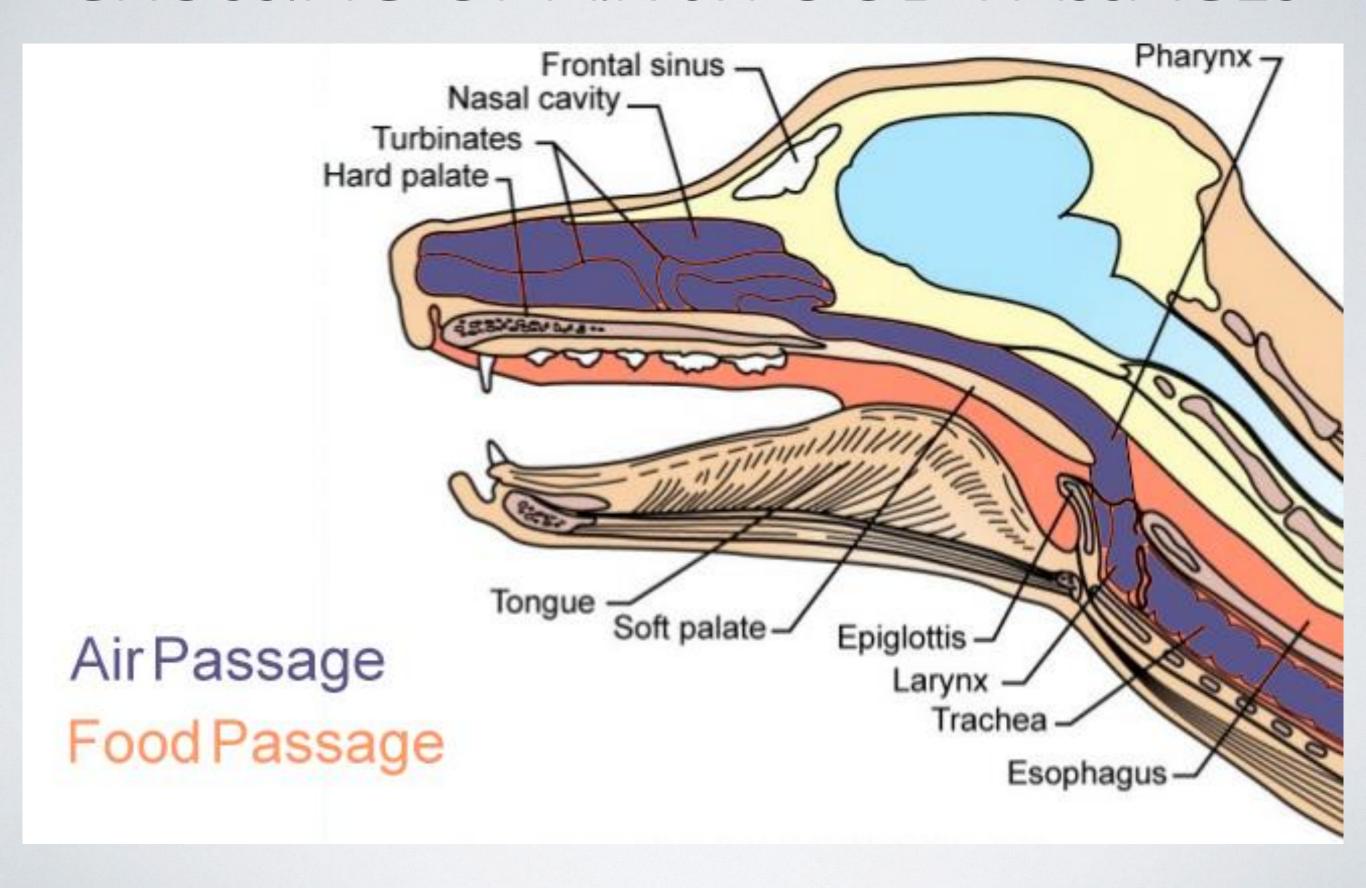


ANATOMY OF AIR-BREATHING ANIMALS

- UADT: some sharing of luminal space between the air and food passages
- Pathways cross, since
 trachea is ventral to
 esophagus, but nasal airway
 is dorsal to the mouth



CROSSING OF AIR & FOOD PASSAGES



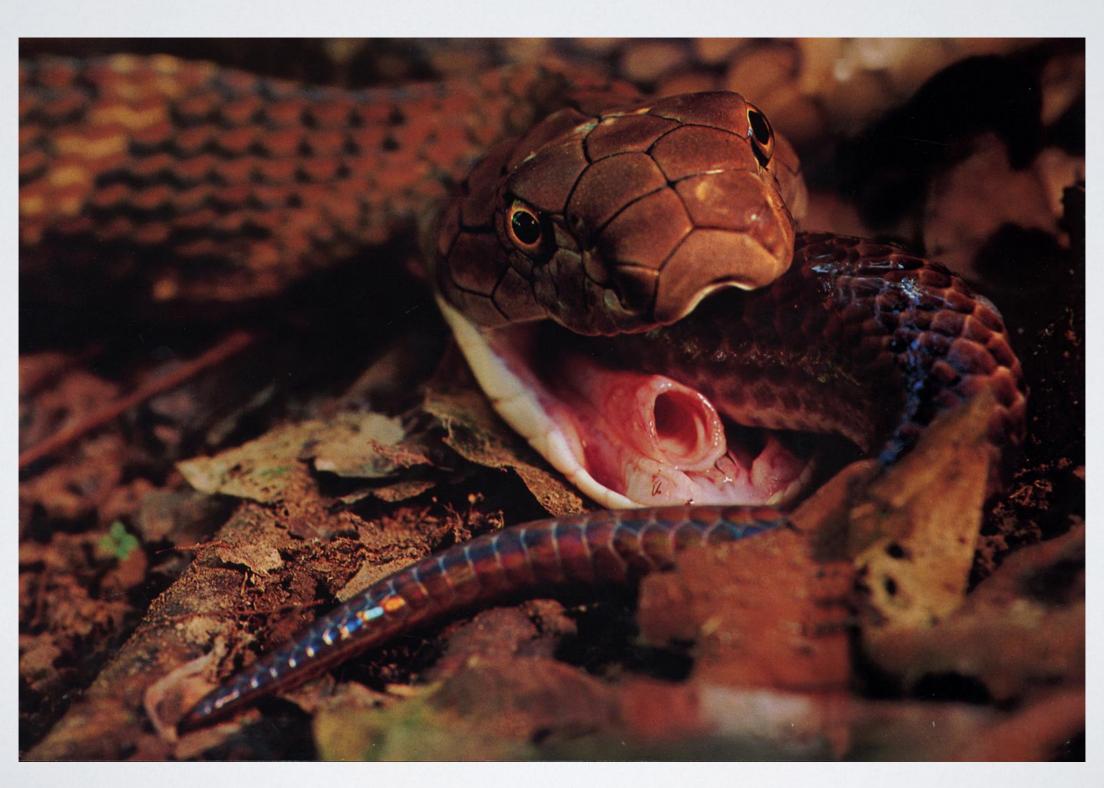
EVOLUTIONARY CHALLENGE FOR AIR-BREATHING ANIMALS

- How do you keep "aero" and "digestive" separate?
- Air entering the digestive tract (AKA aerophagia) → bloating, eructation
- Anything except air entering the airway (AKA aspiration) → potentially lethal
- Aspiration can lead to acute airway obstruction, chronic respiratory failure, sepsis, drowning, pulmonary vascular erosion and hemorrhage

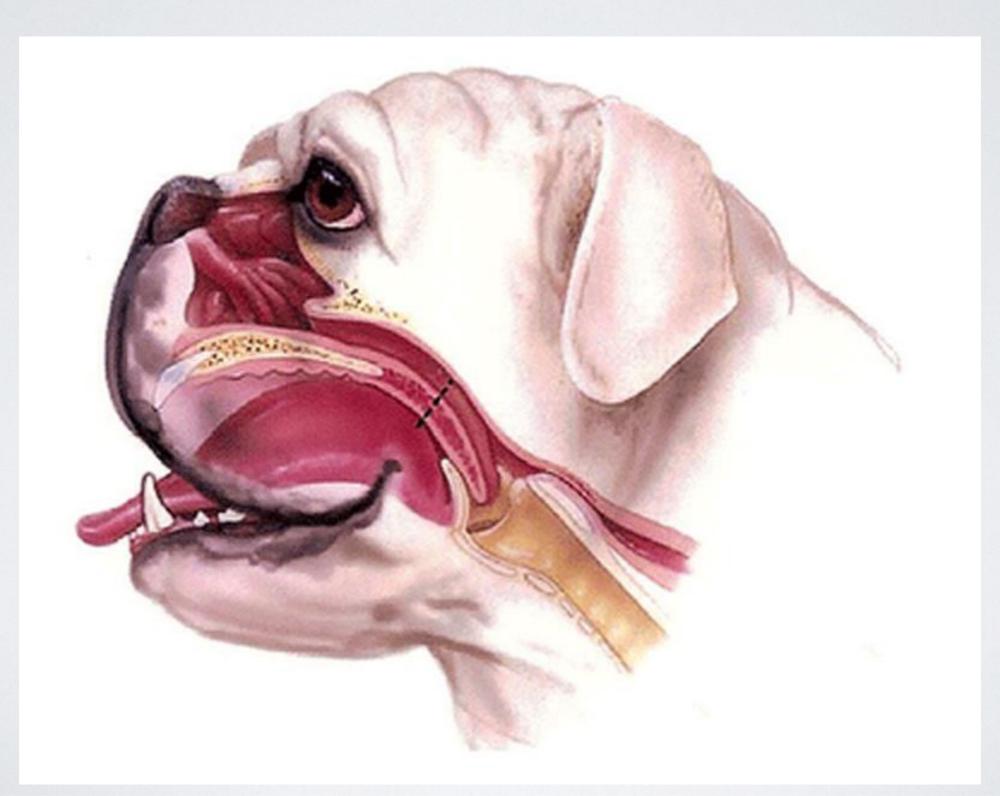


EVOLUTIONARY CHALLENGE: PREVENT ASPIRATION

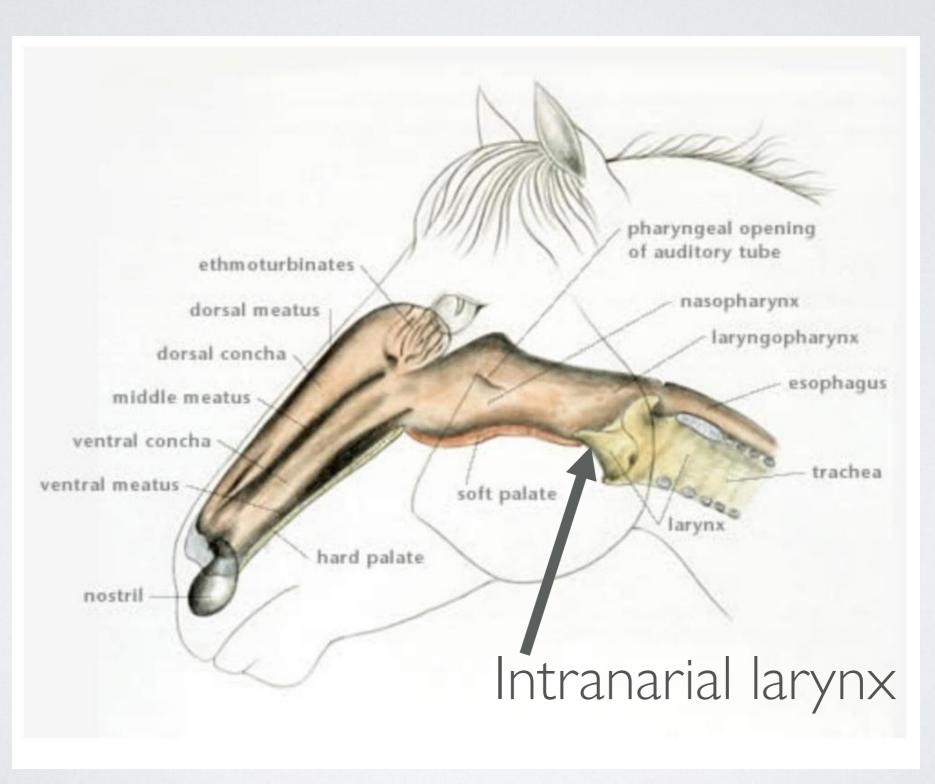
STRATEGY #1: BYPASS UADT BY PUTTING AIRWAY ENTRANCE FAR CRANIAL TO THE DIGESTIVE TRACT



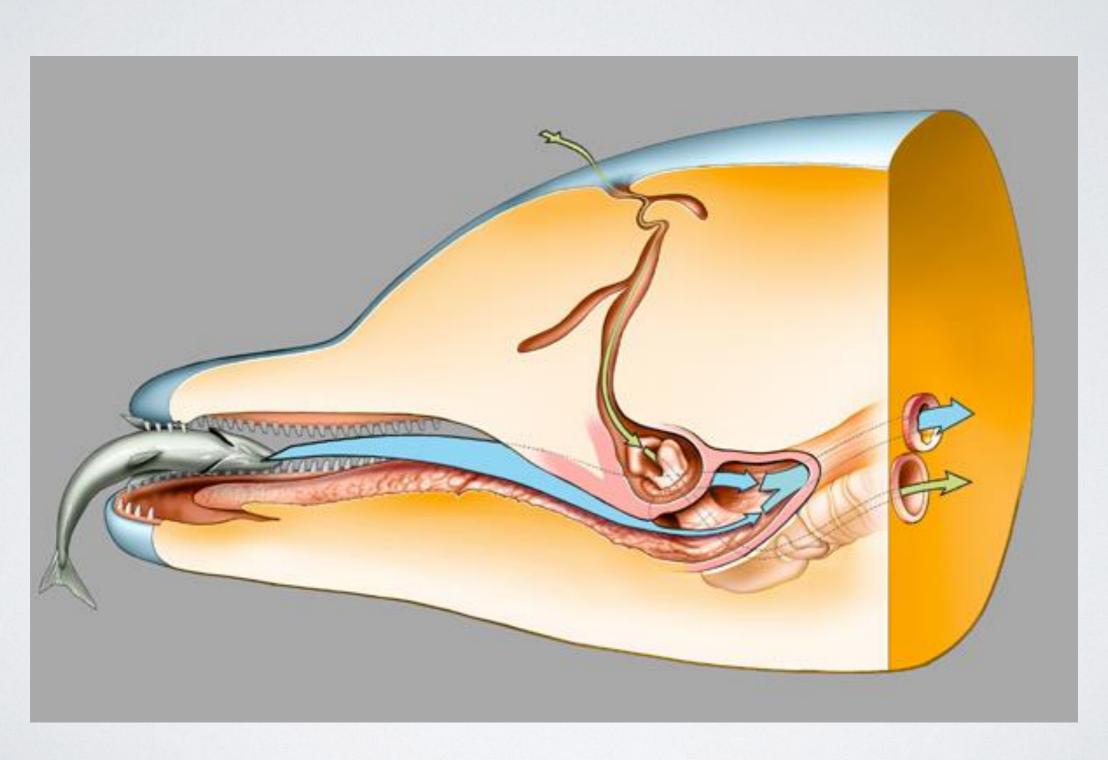
STRATEGY #2: MINIMIZE THE UADT BY PLUGGING THE ENTRANCE TO AIRWAY INTO THE BACK OF NOSE



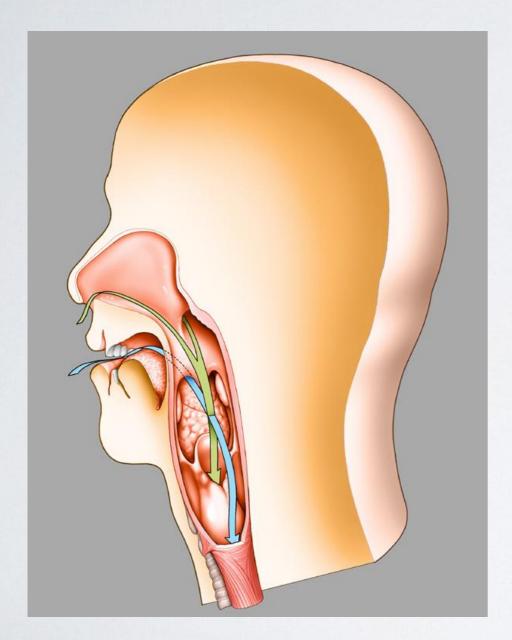
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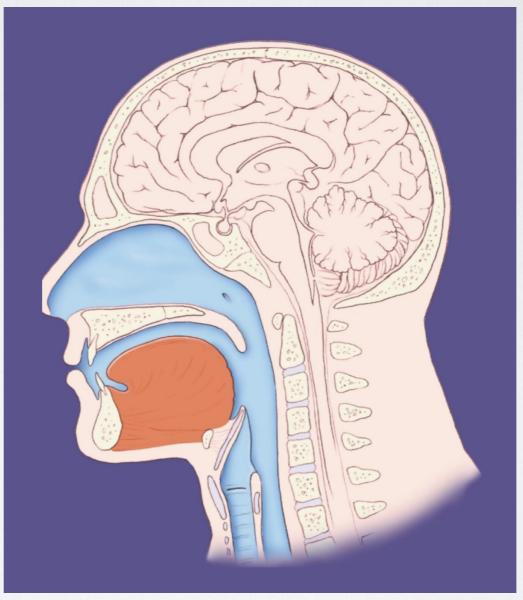


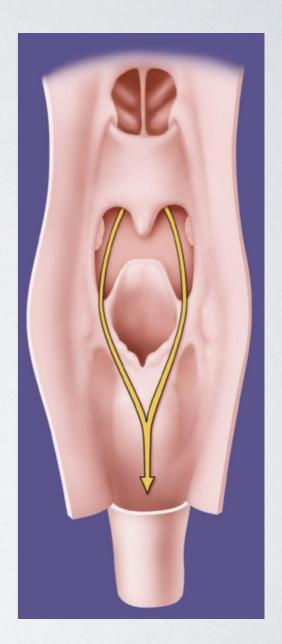
STRATEGY #2: MINIMIZE THE UADT BY PLUGGING THE ENTRANCE TO AIRWAY INTO THE BACK OF NOSE



STRATEGY #3: PROTECT THE UADT BY EVOLVING SOPHISTICATED SWALLOWING MECHANISMS, VOCAL CORDS AND COUGH REFLEXES

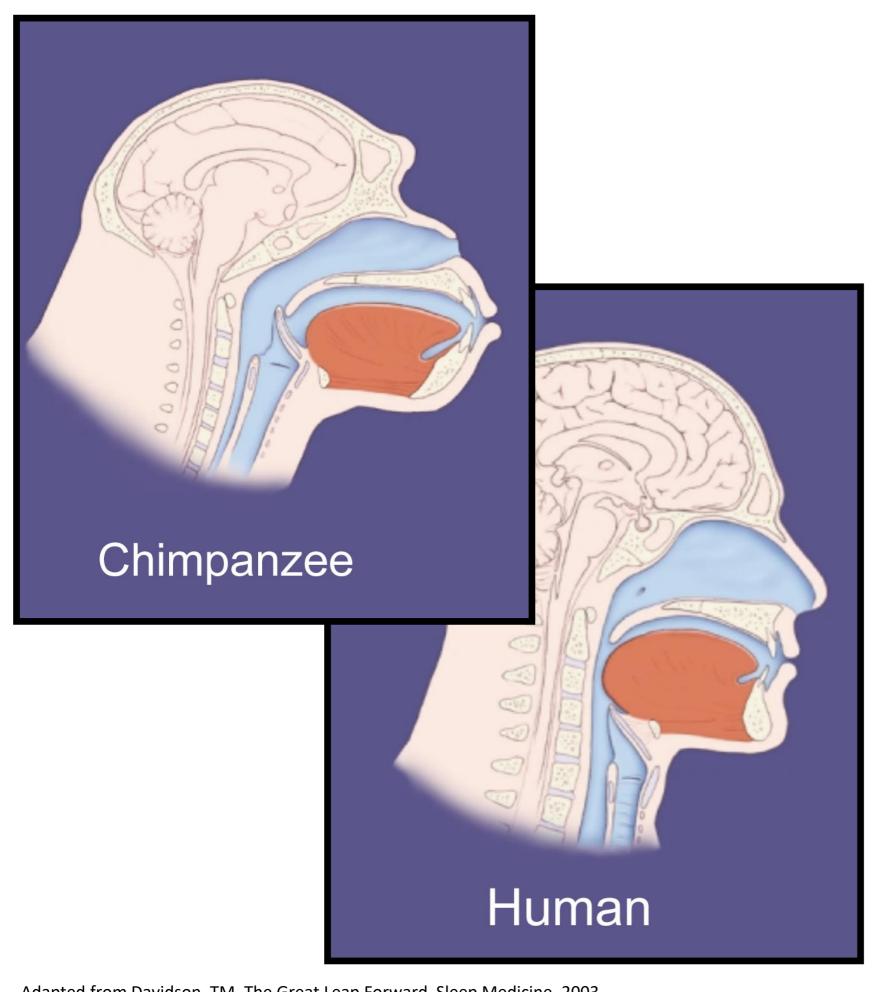






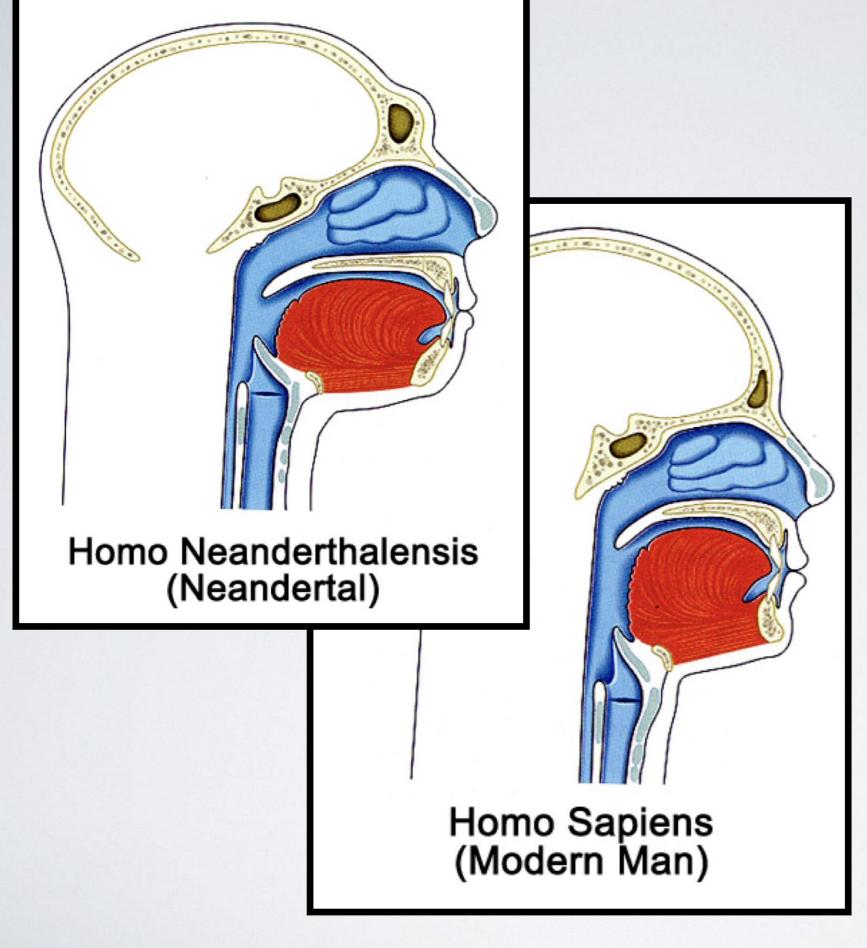
HUMAN UADT (ADULT)

- Tongue is partially in the pharynx (unique among mammals)
- Larynx is far from the skull base and nasopharynx
- Large supralaryngeal pharynx shared by air and food passages
- Pro: Phonation and language (?), greater transoral airflow during exertion.
- · Con: Sleep apnea, laryngopharyngeal reflux & aspiration



MODERN ADULT HUMANS

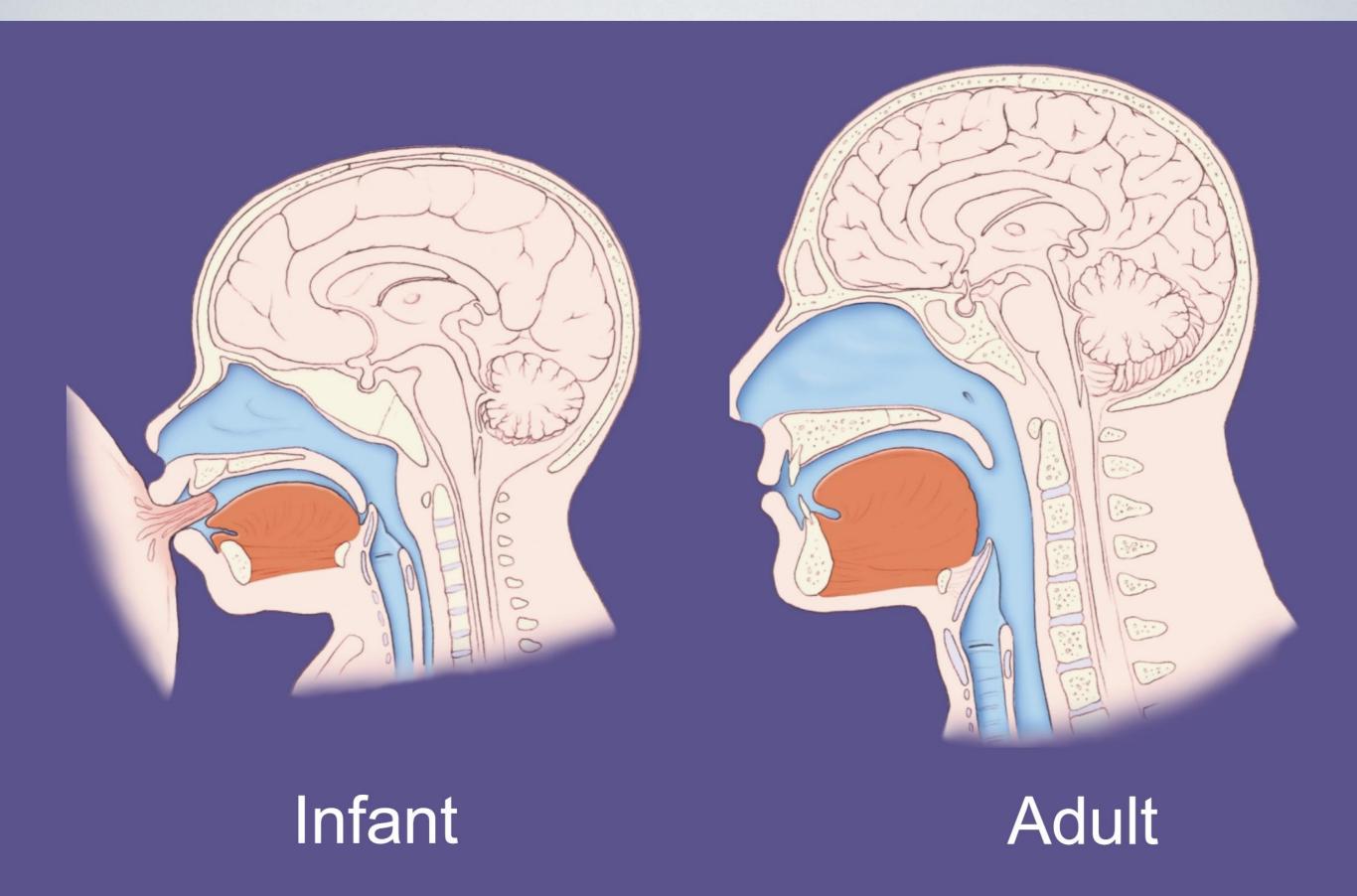
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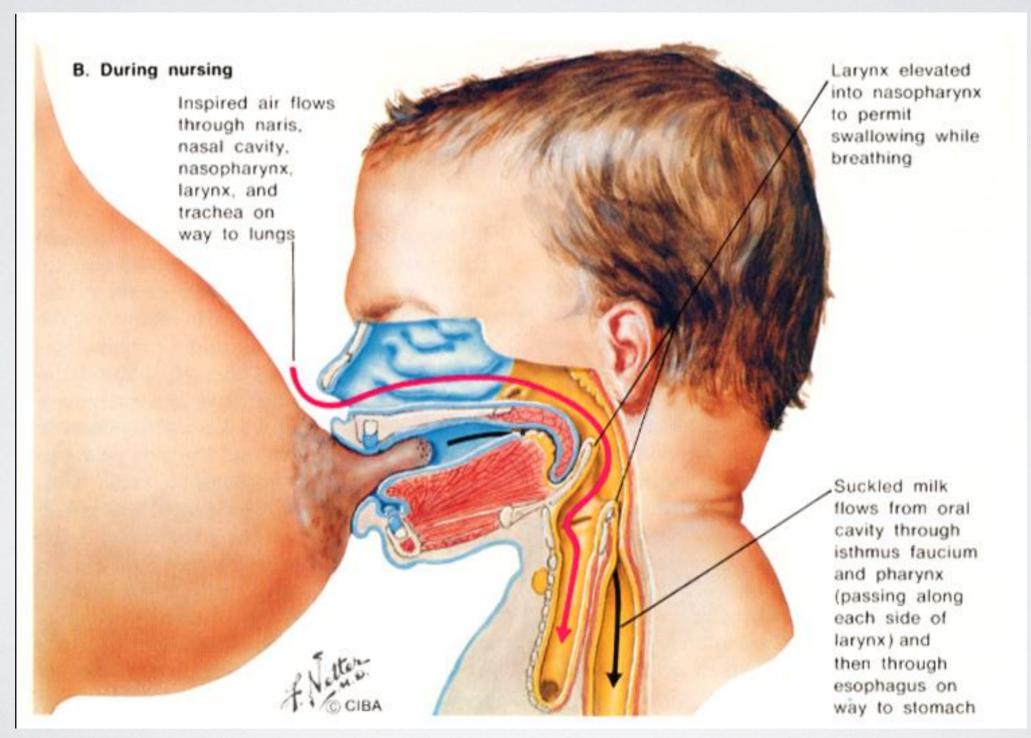
MODERN ADULT HUMANS

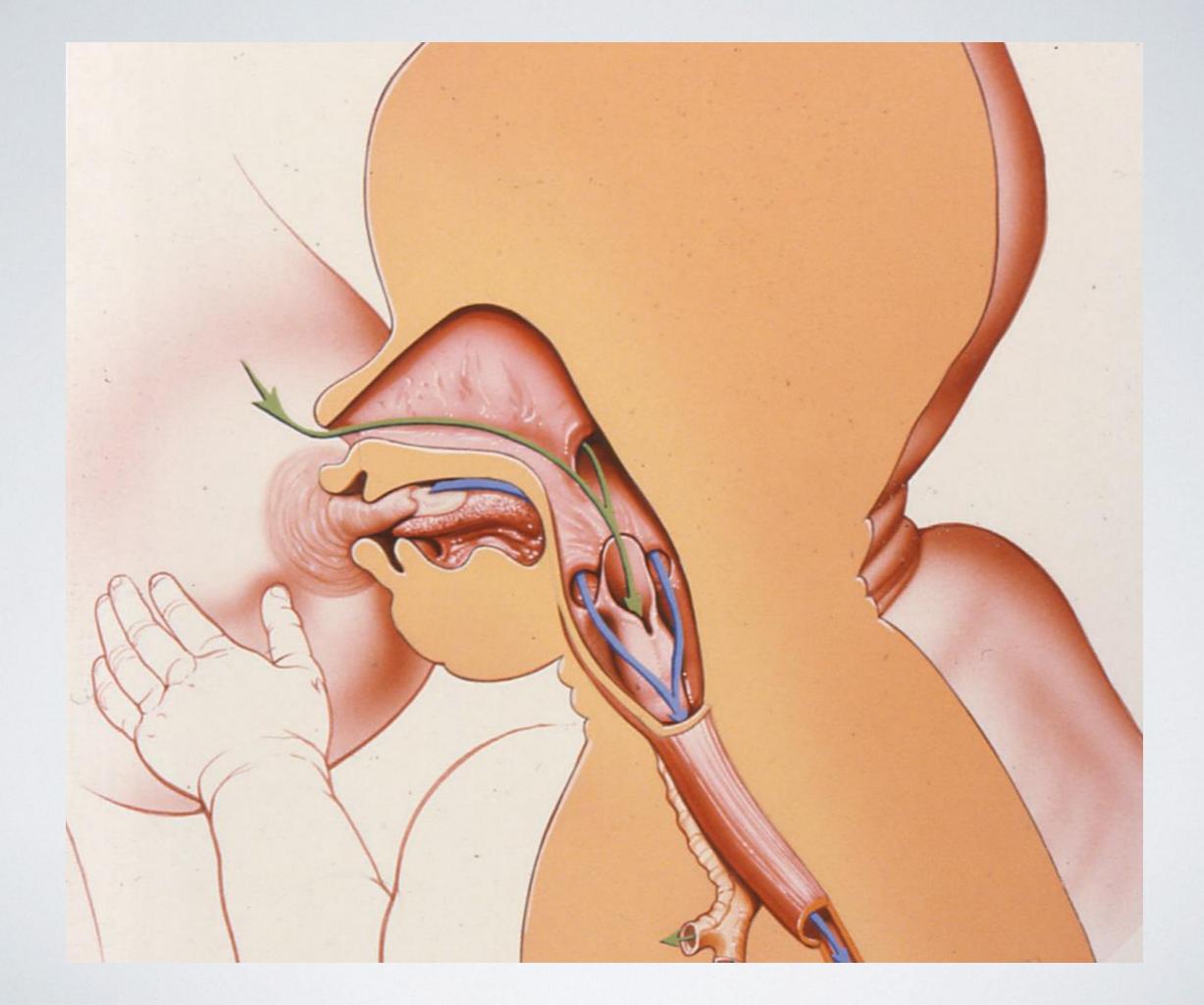
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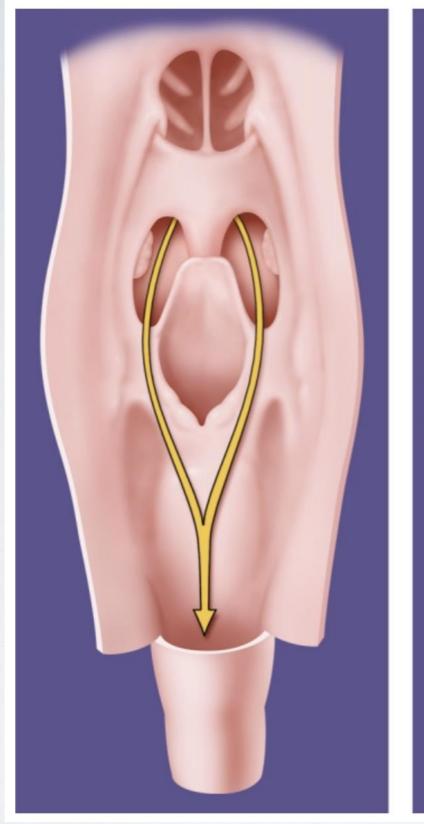
Adapted from artwork by D. Salles, in I. Tattersall, The Last Neandertal



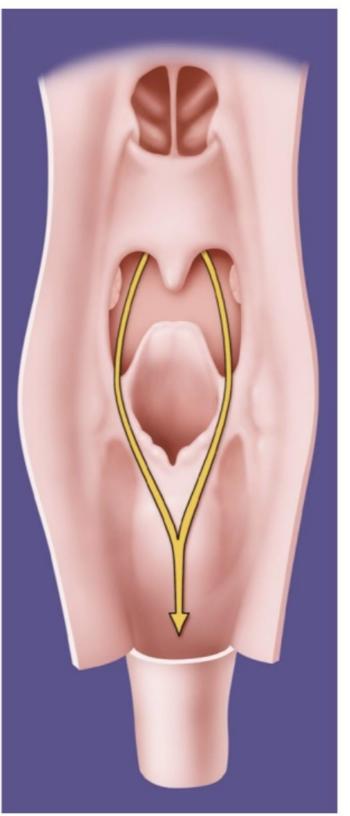
DEVELOPMENT OF UAD TRACT FUNCTION IN HUMANS







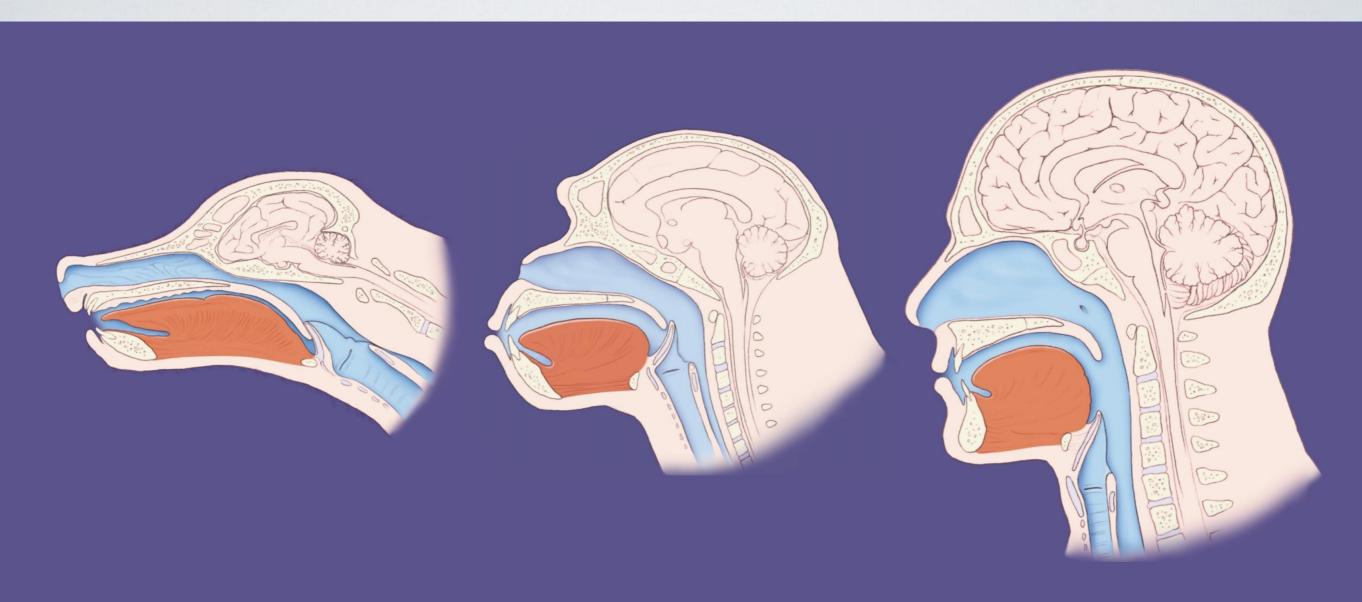
Human Infant



Human Adult

Adapted from Davidson, TM, The Great Leap Forward, Sleep Medicine, 2003

ASPIRATION: THE PRICE OF SPEECH? CONTROVERSIAL!



Dog

Chimpanzee

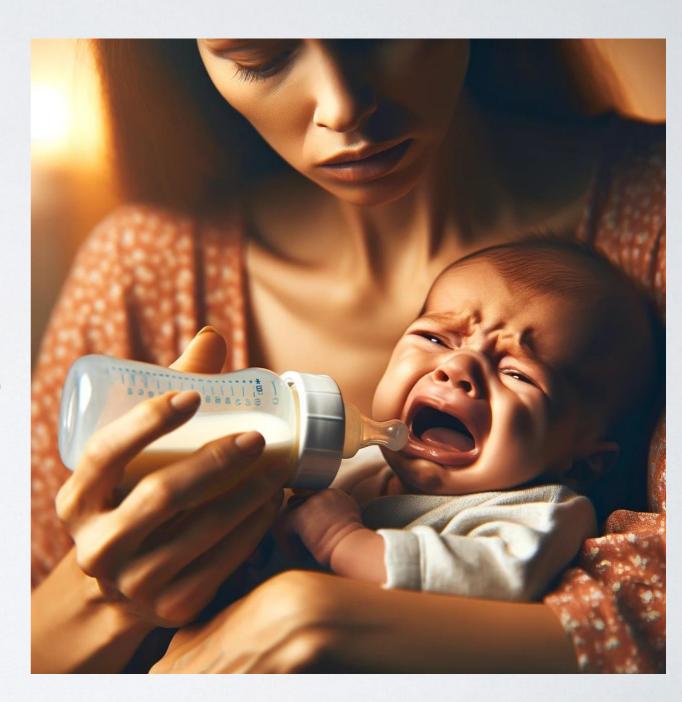
Human

HUMAN UADT (INFANT)

- Anatomical arrangement similar to lower mammals and early hominids (closer to an intranarial larynx)
- Pros: Continuous breathing while feeding over long periods, liquid diet means no need to swallow large solid food boluses
- · Cons: More dependent on nasal airway

PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA

- Most "pediatric ENT"
 dysphagia is associated with
 problems that present in
 infancy
- Issues arising in later childhood are more likely to be in the realm of GI
- Acute dysphagia (eg. pharyngitis, stomatitis) not the focus of this talk



PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA (ENT VERSION)

- Nasal
- Oral
- Hypopharyngeal
- Neuromuscular
- · Beyond the cricopharyngeus

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NEONATAL RHINITIS

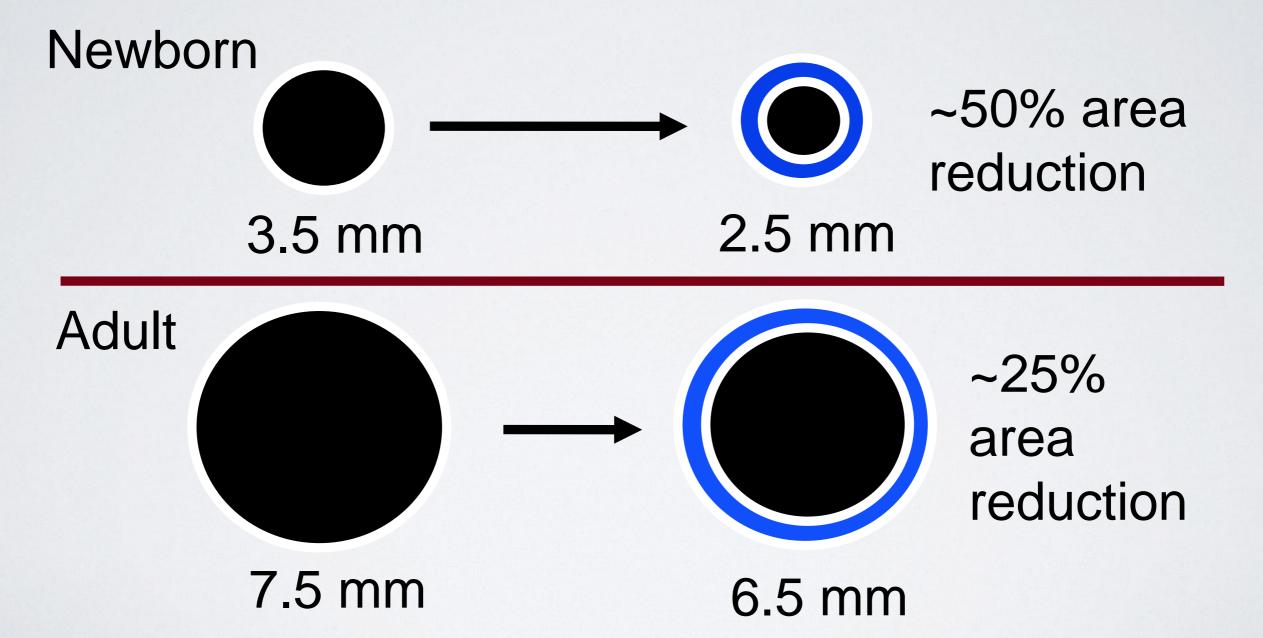




Poll over image to zeem in



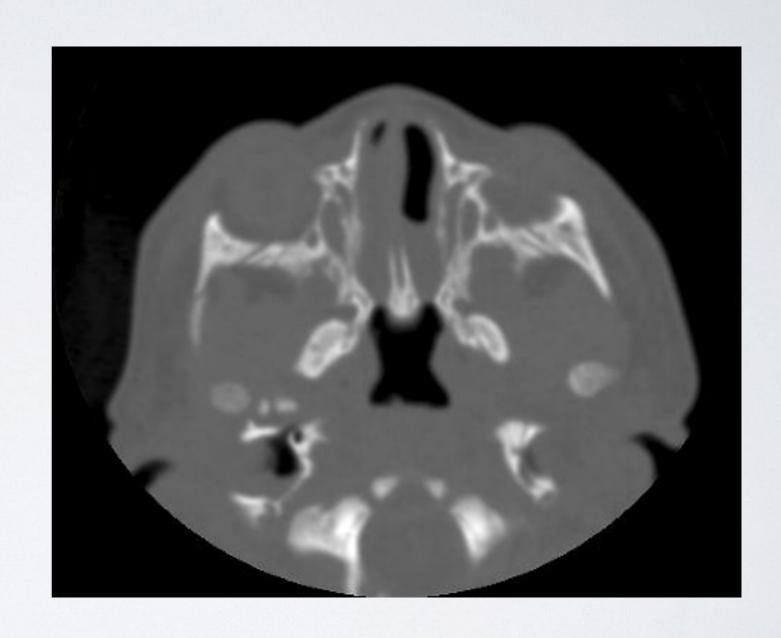
Airway Compromise: 0.5 mm of Mucosal Edema



BILATERAL CHOANAL ATRESIA

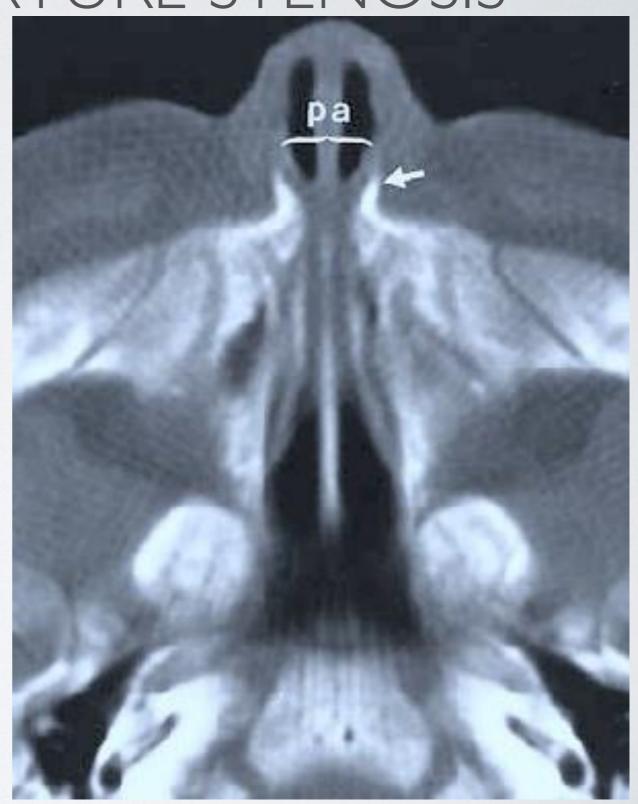
- One of the few neonatal surgical emergencies in ENT
- Consider

 tracheotomy if
 other major
 anomalies



PYRIFORM APERTURE STENOSIS

Early surgery vs
 conservative
 management
 (topical steroids)
 depending on
 degree of stenosis



NOWCA

- Nasal Obstruction
 Without Choanal Atresia
- AKA midnasal stenosis
- Nasal Ciprodex
- Expectant management
- Surgical results usually poor
- Consider MRI as opposed to CT scan



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Introducing....

The Image Gently
Think-A-Head Campaign

Breaking News

4/23/2019: Computed tomography scanning in pediatric trauma:

Opportunities for performance improvement and radiation safety

4/16/2019: Choice of Tube Extremity for Emission of the Lowest Radiation Dose in Pediatric Patients

Improving the Use of Head CT Scans in Children

Take the Image Gently® pledge!



Pledge to Image Gently!®

For group certificates, please click here.

"I really admire the Image Gently program and what you are trying to do for parents and children...It took me by complete shock when I found out that a barium enema even used radiation...This goes to show exactly how BIG the gap is between healthcare and parents with radiation." TB 12.15.18

Image Gently Mission Statement Undate

- Infants are particularly dependent on nosebreathing for the first six weeks of life
- Optimizing nasal airway is important
- In deciding on intervention for many of these conditions, weight gain is a good metric to follow

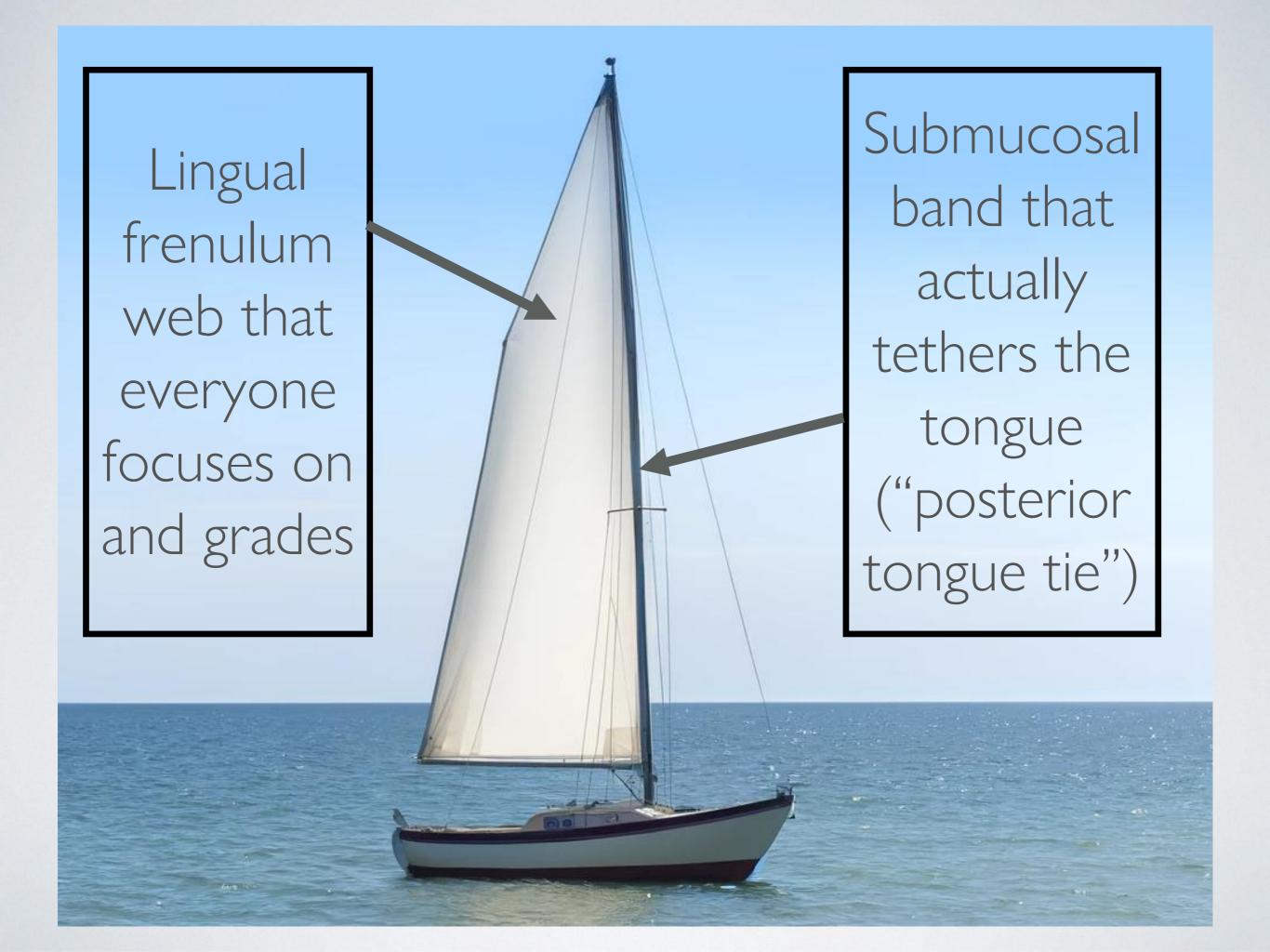


PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA (ENT VERSION)

- Nasal
- Oral
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- Neuromuscular
- · Beyond the cricopharyngeus

ORAL TIES

- Lots of nonsense out there
- · Limited real data
- Neonatal lingual frenotomy seems to help, even with "posterior" ankyloglossia, in SELECTED cases of feeding problems (e.g. nipple pain, aerophagia, slow nursing)
- · Labial frenoplasty primarily for diastema, around age one
- Not much evidence for speech benefits
- Not much evidence for addressing other ties



The New York Times

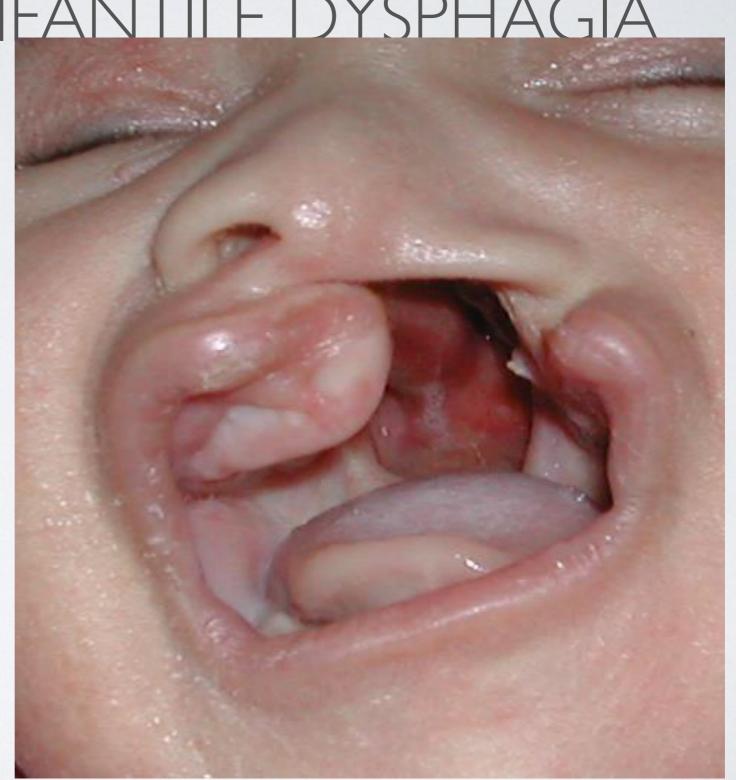
December 18, 2023



Dentists and lactation consultants around the country are pushing "tongue-tie releases" on new mothers struggling to breastfeed.

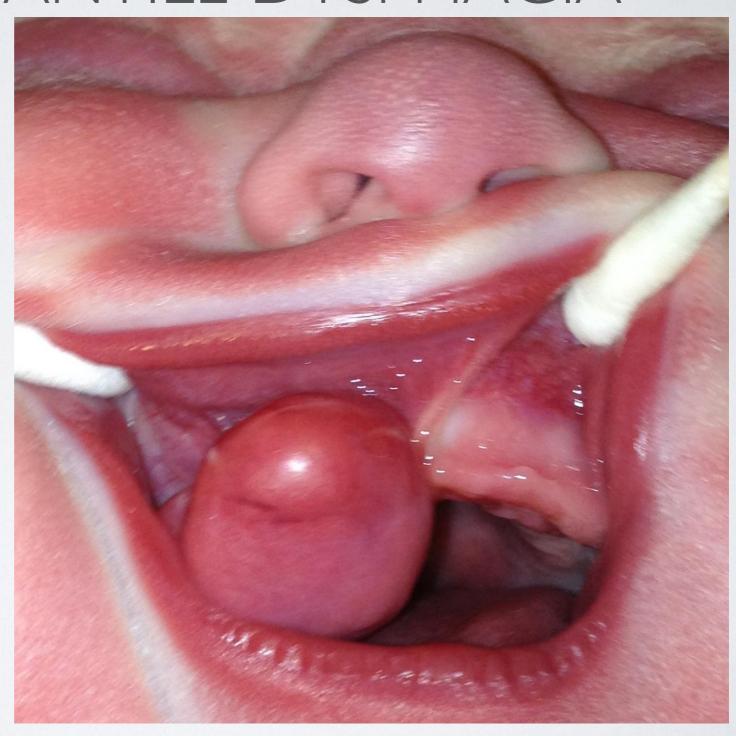
OTHER ORAL SOURCES
OF INEANTILE DYSPHAGIA

Cleft lip and palate



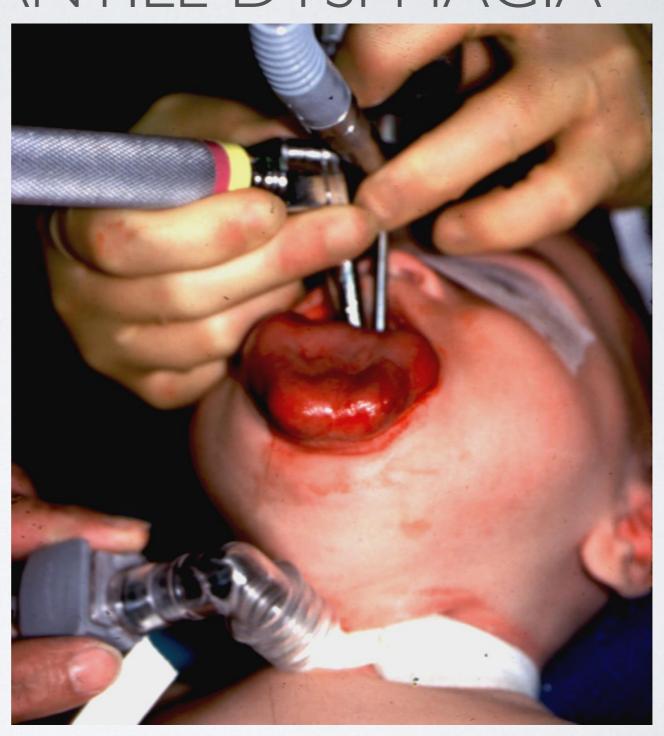
OTHER ORAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

Epulis and other masses

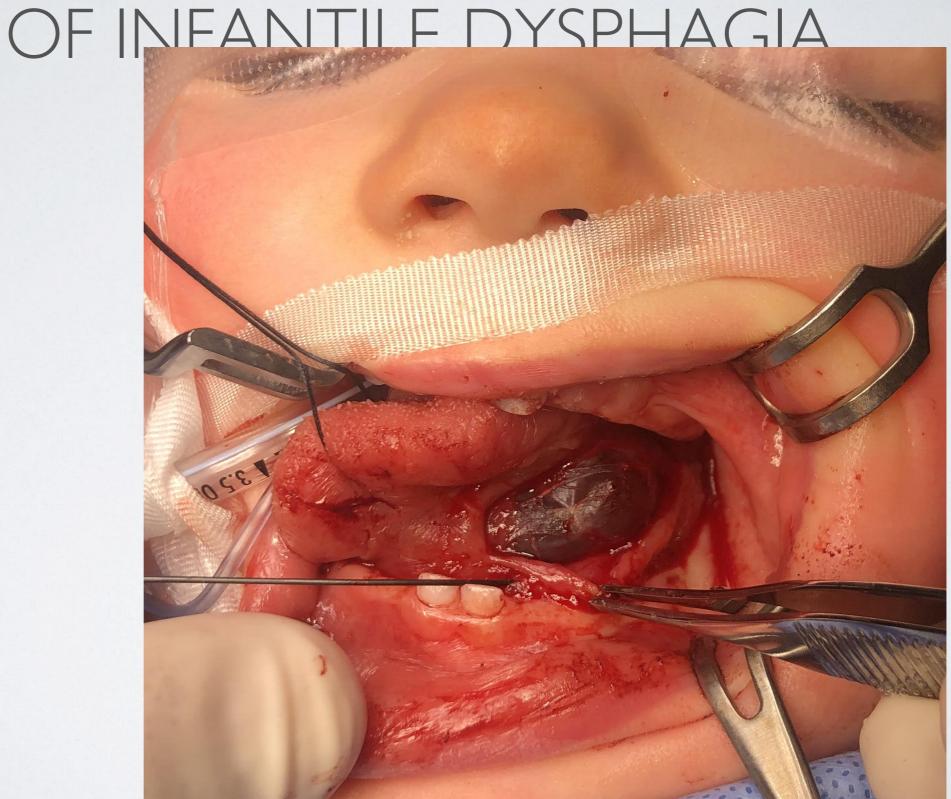


OTHER ORAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

Beckwith-Wiedemann and other macroglossia



OTHER ORAL SOURCES



Ranula

OTHER ORAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

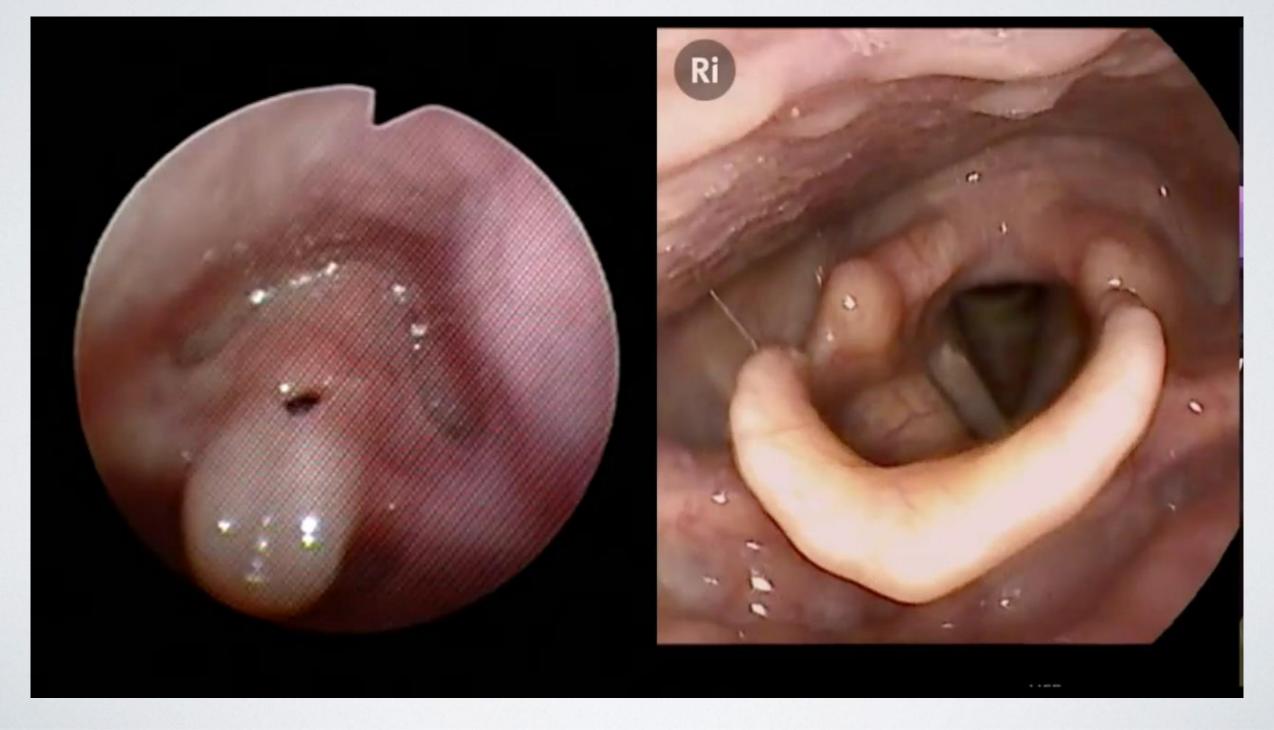
Micrognathia or retrognathia



PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA (ENT VERSION)

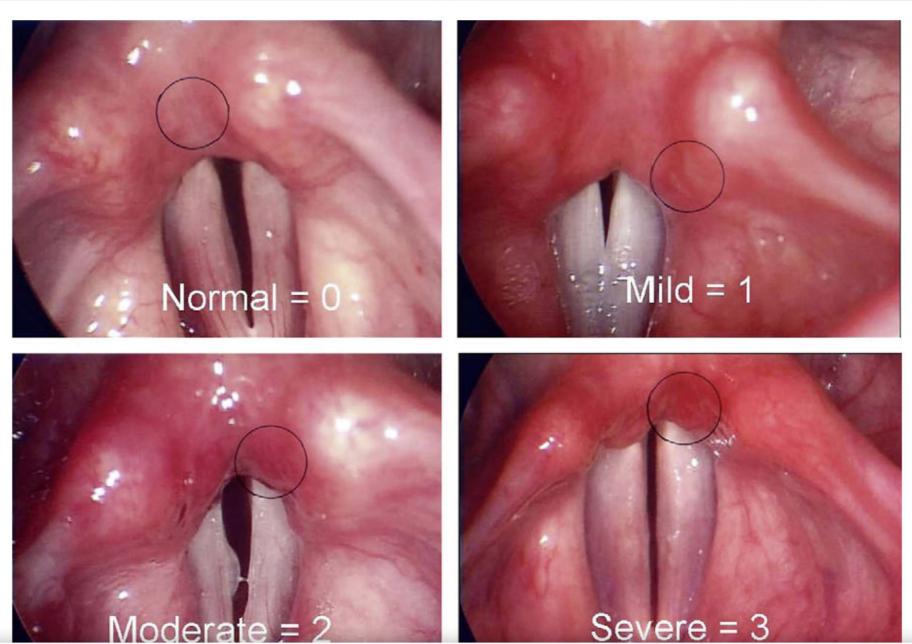
- Nasal
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HYPOPHARYNGEAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA Laryngomalacia



HYPOPHARYNGEAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

Reflux laryngitis



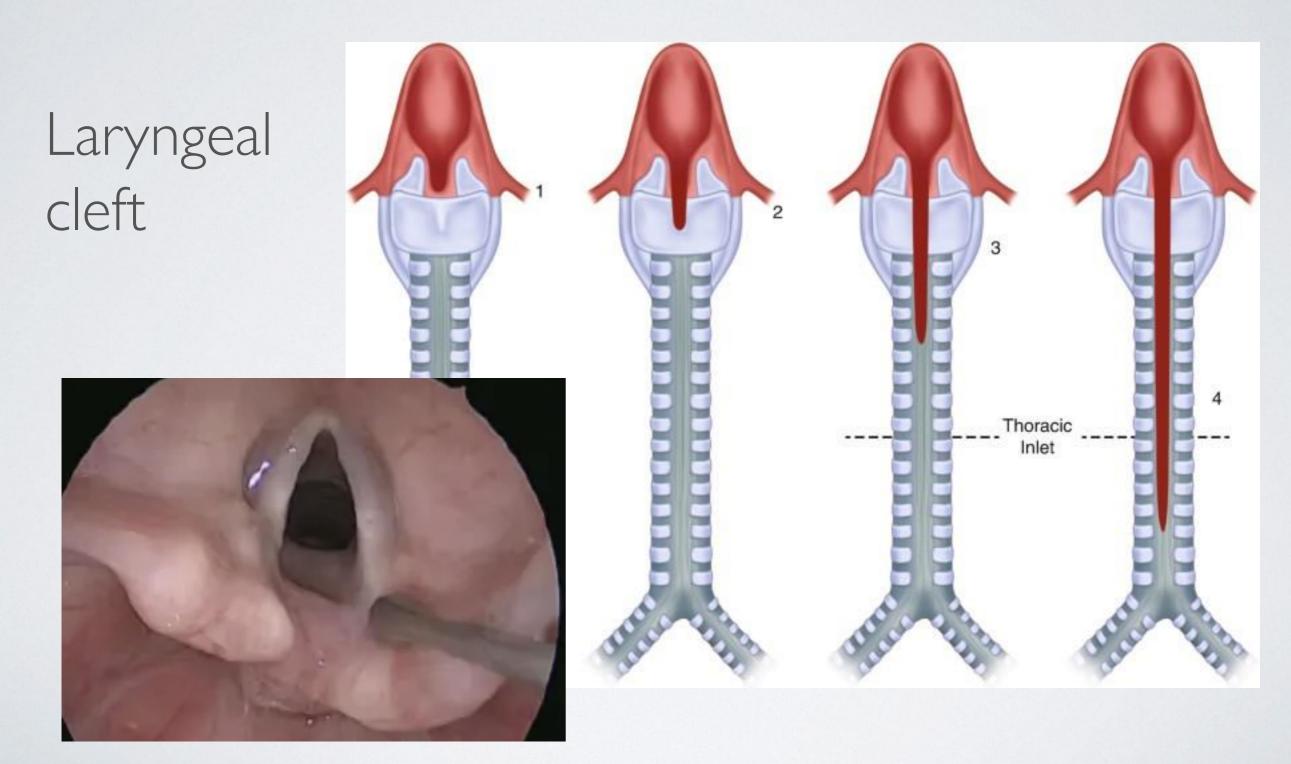
Flexible laryngoscopy: a comparison of fiber optic and distal chip technologies-part 2: laryngopharyngeal reflux.

Mark A Ginsburg

D. Lurie Y. Heman-Ackah

K. Lyons

HYPOPHARYNGEAL SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

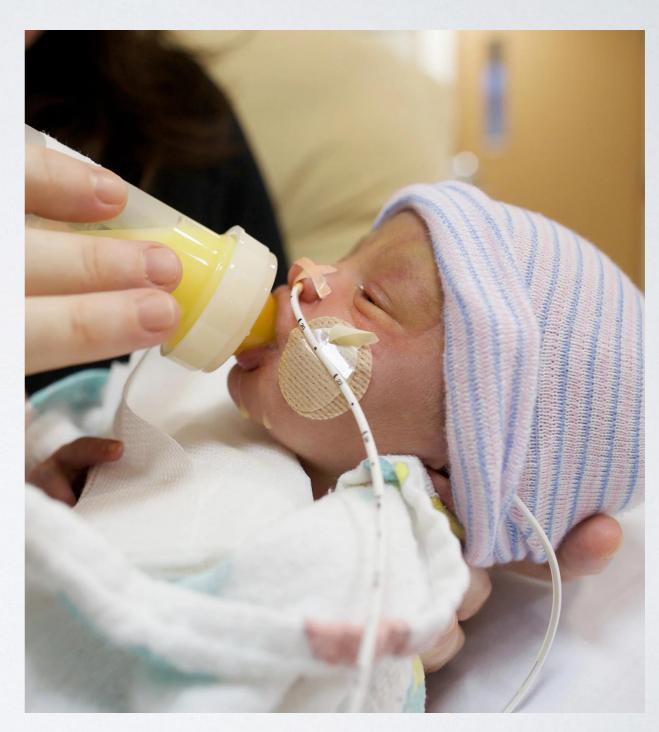


PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA (ENT VERSION)

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NEUROMUSCULAR SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

- Prematurity
- Congenital muscular dystrophy
- Neuropathy
- Myopathy
- Cerebral palsy



NEUROMUSCULAR SOURCES OF INFANTILE DYSPHAGIA

- · Common concern is aspiration
- Protection of human UADT relies on precise control and coordination of swallow, VC function, and protective reflexes (e.g. cough)
- Thickened feeds?
- Feeding therapy?
- · G-tube?

MBS VS. FEES

 Looking for aspiration, penetration, cough trigger

 Googling MBS and FEES may give you a lot of information about the fees associated with the purchase of mortgage backed securities





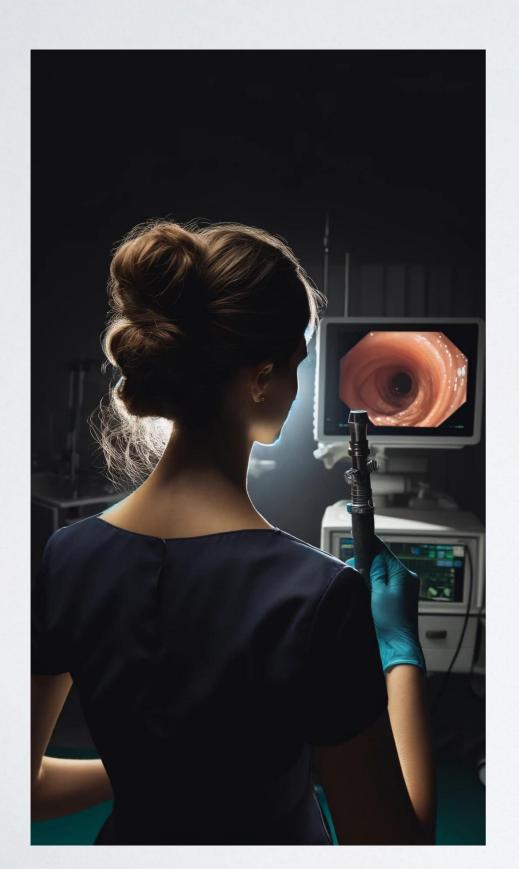
MBS VS. FEES

- Modified Barium Swallow
 - Shows oral phase and below the cricopharyngeus
 - Less discomfort
 - Less reliance on cooperation
 - Less operator dependent
- Functional Endoscopic Evaluation of Swallowing
 - No radiation
 - Easier scheduling logistics (no coordinating SLP and radiology)
 - Can be done at bedside in NICU / PICU
 - Can compare handling of different real foods
 - Can see aspiration of normal secretions
 - Can be recorded and reviewed if any concern re operator

PEDIATRIC DYSPHAGIA (ENT VERSION)

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BEYOND THE CRICOPHARYNGEUS



- Rings
- Slings
- Achalasia
- EoE
- Strictures
- Stenosis
- TEF
- Etc...

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